## SECTION 02074

## GEOCOMPOSITE SHEET FOR SUBDRAINAGE SYSTEMS

# PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Geocomposite sheet installed in the following locations:
  - 1. Over below-grade vertical walls to relieve hydrostatic pressure.
  - 2. Over below-grade vertical waterproofed walls to protect waterproofing membrane from backfill.
  - 3. Over waterproofing under horizontal pedestrian plaza slabs to drain storm water and protect waterproofing membrane from paving materials.
  - 4. Over waterproofing in planters to drain water and protect waterproofing membrane from planting materials.
  - 5. Under slabs indicated for relief of hydrostatic pressure.
  - 6. Other locations indicated on drawings.

### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 02300 Earthwork, for backfilling.
- B. Section 02620 Subdrainage, for drainage piping or tile.
- C. Section 07120 Fluid Applied Waterproofing.
- D. Section 07130 Sheet Waterproofing.
- E. Section 07170 Bentonite Waterproofing.
- F. Section 15145 Plumbing Piping, for roof drains.

### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM D 1621 Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Cellular Plastics.
- B. ASTM D 3786 Standard Test Method for Hydraulic Bursting Strength of Knitted Goods & Nonwoven Fabrics Diaphragm Bursting Strength Tester Method.
- C. ASTM D 4491 Standard Test Method for Water Permeability of Geotextiles by Permittivity.

- D. ASTM D 4632 Standard Test Method for Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles.
- E. ASTM D 4716 Standard Test Method for Constant Head Hydraulic Transmissivity (In-Plane Flow) of Geotextiles and Geotextile Related Products.
- F. ASTM D 4751 Standard Test Method for Determining Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit under provisions of Section 01300.
- B. Product Data: Show compliance with the Contract Documents. Include manufacturer's installation instructions.
- C. Samples: 6 inch by 6 inch, of each type used.

# 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver all materials in manufacturer's unopened packages with all labels intact.
- B. Unload materials and check for damage. Remove damaged, rejected materials from site immediately.
- C. Store geocomposite sheet in dry area in manufacturer's protective packaging. Cover opened, partial packages to protect from oil, dirt and UV exposure.
- D. Geocomposite sheet will become more rigid and less impact- resistant below 25 degrees F. Handle with extra care at low ambient air temperature conditions.

# 1.6 SCHEDULING AND SEQUENCING

A. Install geocomposite sheet just prior to installation of covering materials and cover promptly to avoid damage.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURER

A. Provide products manufactured by Greenstreak Plastic Products Co., Inc., St. Louis, MO, 63122.

Phone: (314) 225-9400 or (800) 325-9504. Fax: (314) 225-9854 or (800) 551-5145.

### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Normal Duty Geocomposite Sheet for Vertical Applications: Greenstreak "SHEETDRAIN No. 884."
  - 1. Core: High impact polystyrene formed with dimpled drain area.
    - a. Flow rate in accordance with ASTM D 4716 (at 3600 psi and i=1): 20.0 gpm/ft width, minimum.
    - b. Compressive strength in accordance with ASTM D 1621: 15,000 psf, minimum.
  - 2. Fabric: Non-woven needle punched polypropylene, 4 ounce filter fabric, with UV stabilizers.
    - a. Grab tensile in accordance with ASTM D 4632: 100 lbs, minimum.
    - b. Grab elongation in accordance with ASTM D 4632:35 percent.
    - c. Mullen burst in accordance with ASTM D 3786: 215 psi, minimum.
    - d. Puncture strength in accordance with ASTM D 4833: 55 lb, minimum.
    - e. Apparent opening in accordance with ASTM D 4751: 70 US Std sieve.
    - f. Permittivity in accordance with ASTM d 4491: 90 gpm/sf, minimum.
  - 3. Thickness:
    - a. Composite: 0.42 inch.
    - b. Core: 0.38 inch.
    - c. Fabric: 0.040 inch.
- B. Heavy Duty Geocomposite Sheet for Vertical Applications: Greenstreak "SHEETDRAIN HS No. 880."
  - 1. Core: High impact polystyrene formed with dimpled drain area.
    - a. Flow rate in accordance with ASTM D 4716 (at 3600 psi and i=1): 5.0 gpm/ft width, minimum.
    - b. Compressive strength in accordance with ASTM D 1621: 25,000 psf, minimum.
  - 2. Fabric: Non-woven needle punched polypropylene, 4 ounce filter fabric, with UV stabilizers.
    - a. Grab tensile in accordance with ASTM D 4632: 100 lbs, minimum.
    - b. Grab elongation in accordance with ASTM D 4632: 35 percent.
    - c. Mullen burst in accordance with ASTM D 3786: 215 psi, minimum.

- d. Puncture strength in accordance with ASTM D 4833: 55 lb, minimum.
- e. Apparent opening in accordance with ASTM D 4751: 70 US Std sieve.
- f. Permittivity in accordance with ASTM d 4491: 90 gpm/sf, minimum.
- 3. Thickness:
  - a. Composite: 0.25 inch.
  - b. Core: 0.21 inch.
  - c. Fabric: 0.027 inch.
- C. Geocomposite Sheet for Horizontal Applications: Greenstreak "DECKDRAIN No. 886."
  - 1. Core: High impact polystyrene formed with dimpled drain area.
    - a. Flow rate in accordance with ASTM D 4716 (at 3600 psi and i=1): 20.0 gpm/ft width, minimum.
    - b. Compressive strength in accordance with ASTM D 1621: 20,000 psf, minimum.
  - 2. Fabric: Woven polypropylene, 6.5 ounce filter fabric.
    - a. Grab tensile in accordance with ASTM D 4632: W 300 lbs, F 200 lbs, minimum.
    - b. Grab elongation in accordance with ASTM D 4632: W 30 percent, F 23 percent.
    - c. Mullen burst in accordance with ASTM D 3786: 450 psi, minimum.
    - d. Puncture strength in accordance with ASTM D 4833: 120 lb, minimum.
    - e. Apparent opening in accordance with ASTM D 4751: 30/50 US Std sieve.
    - f. Permittivity in accordance with ASTM d 4491: 50 gpm/sf, minimum.
  - 3. Thickness:
    - a. Composite: 0.43 inch.
    - b. Core: 0.38 inch.
    - c. Fabric: 0.044 inch.
- D. Adhesives: The following types of adhesives are acceptable:
  - 1. General construction grade adhesives compatible with dampproofing/waterproofing compound.
  - 2. Pressure sensitive adhesive.
  - 3. Mastic used for waterproofing membrane application.
- E. Furring Strips: Preservative-treated lumber. See Section 06100 Rough Carpentry.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that indicated components of waterproofing system have been installed.
- B. Verify that horizontal applications have sufficient slope to drain.
- C. Verify that collection piping has sufficient slope to drain.
- D. Verify that invert elevation of collection pipe is below construction joint in vertical subgrade structure.
- E. Do not begin until substrates are dry, dew and frost free, and free of dust or other materials which prevent adhesion of sheet to substrate.
- F. Submit written notification of unacceptable conditions or substrates.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install geocomposite sheet to drain water to drains and/or piping indicated on drawings.
- B. To splice, overlap two rows of dimples and mechanically interlock with rubber mallet. Lap excess fabric a minimum of 3 inches and secure as necessary with adhesive. Shingle laps in the direction of flow.
- C. Face fabric towards hydrostatic source and face core towards subgrade structure.
- D. Adhere geocomposite sheet to substrate using adhesive.
- E. Fasten geocomposite sheet to furring strips using mechanical fasteners, as recommended by manufacturer.
- F. At terminations of geocomposite sheet, roll and tuck excess fabric to back of core to prevent intrusion of soils into core.

- G. At subdrainage piping, lap additional sheet drain fabric over and around collection pipe. Place geocomposite sheet behind perimeter collection pipe.
- H. Promptly cover sheet to protect from damage by wind and ultraviolet.
- I. Repair tears and punctures in fabric with new filter fabric adhered over damaged area.
- J. Verify that backfill is performed in compacted lifts. Sequence tall applications requiring bands of geocomposite sheet with backfill to accommodate vertical movement of sheet during compaction.

END OF SECTION